

Leading Canada's transition to clean energy

The Pembina Institute is a non-profit think-tank that advances a prosperous clean energy future for Canada through credible policy solutions.





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FÉDÉRATION
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Supporting partners









Agenda

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Presentations
- 3. **Q&A**
- 4. Upcoming opportunity





Introducing the Reframed Initiative

The Reframed Initiative is working with designers, builders, owners, financiers, and policy-makers to scale up deep retrofits.

Together, we can address the housing crunch and climate emergency.

LEARN MORE: pembina.org/reframed



Deep retrofits are:

- Healthy: cleaner air, improved comfort
- Resilient: ready for extreme weather and earthquakes
- Low-carbon: use renewable energy and carbon smart materials



Let's scale up solutions that:

- Keep rent affordable
- Minimize disruption to tenants
- Return value to owners and investors



New primer

DOWNI OAD. pembina.org/pub/heat-pump-retrofits



Heat pumps and deep retrofits

Deep retrofits aim to drive down carbon pollution and energy consumption in existing homes and buildings. This requires a profound shift in how we heat and cool buildings — and heat $\frac{1}{2}$

Heat pumps are used for space conditioning as well as domestic hot water. They are highly efficient, because they move heat from one space to another (e.g. indoors to outdoors) rather than convert it from other forms of

Heat pumps capture heat from the air, water, or ground (i.e. geoexchange) through a refrigeration process. This process is better known for providing air conditioning in summer. In addition to space cooling, heat pumps work in reverse to provide space heating in winter. They can work with hydronic heating systems or forced-air centralheating systems, or can provide direct heat through ductless "mini-split" systems.

How efficient are heat pumps?

Combustion heating systems (e.g. gas furnaces) convert fuel into heat and lose energy in the process. In contrast, heat pumps move energy from the outside of the home to the inside (or vice-versa). Heat pumps available in Canada typically have a coefficient of performance (COP) between three and five; for every unit of input energy, heat pumps provide three to five units of heat energy. Heat pumps using carbon dioxide as a refrigerant reach COPs greater than five but are not commonly available yet in Canada.

The efficiency of air-source heat pumps is directly affected by:

- Equipment quality and maintenance
- · Type of refrigerant
- · Installation quality
- Seasonal ambient temperatures

Air-source heat pumps that are designed specifically for cold climates are eliminating the need for backup heating systems, even in North America's coldest regions. The efficiency of ground-source heat pumps is not affected by ambient temperatures.



Heat pumps can provide both heating and cooling.

Municipal action on heat pumps

The City of Vancouver, B.C., has taken several measures that support the adoption of heat pumps,

- · Setting greenhouse gas emissions limits for
- different building types in its building bylaws · Streamlining the application process and
- reducing the cost of low-risk heat pump permits · Topping up provincial (CleanBC) and utility (BC Hydro) rebates
- · Spreading awareness of the benefits of heat
- · Developing a database of homes and their energy performance to help owners make informed upgrades to their heating systems
- · Assessing local skill gaps to determine the capacity building needed to meet rising demand

Heat pumps and deep retrofits: A Reframed Tech Series primer



Reframed Tech Series



Reframed Tech Series

Panellist

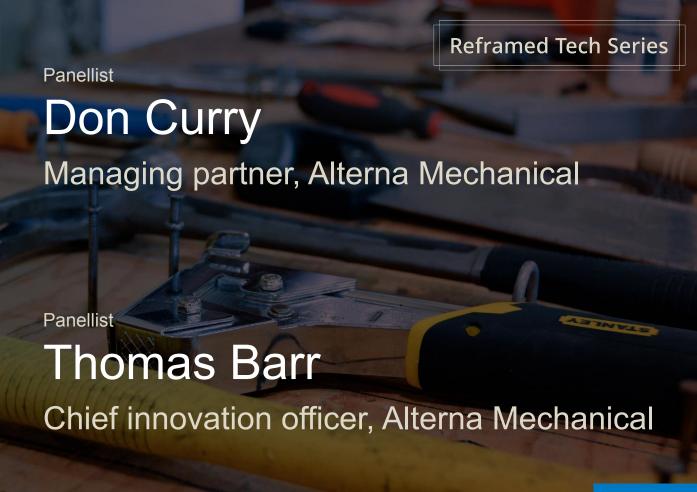
Jay Jagpal

Principal and sales engineer, Olympic International













Reframed Tech Series

Heat Pumps and Deep Retrofits

May 27, 2020







www.frescoltd.com







Heat Pump Context

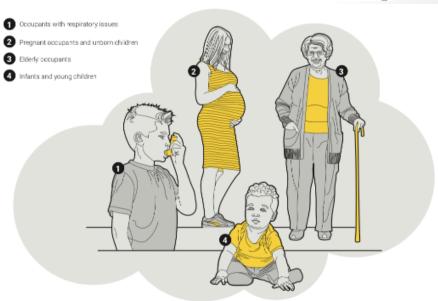
- Air Source Heat Pumps
- Ground Source Heat Pumps
- Gas-driven Heat Pumps





Why Heat Pumps?



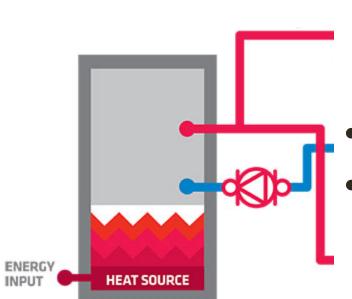








Traditional Heating Technology

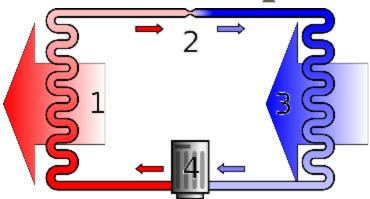


- Heat created from burning fuels (gas, oil, wood)
- Electric resistance
- 60% to 95% efficiency





What are Heat Pumps?



- Deliver heat by MOVING heat instead of BURNING something to create it
- Same basic technology as refrigerators, conventional A/C systems





Multi-Family Context

- 1. Townhouse (ground oriented)
- 2. Older apartment-style
- 3. Newer apartment-style
- 4. High performance





Multi-Family Context Townhouse











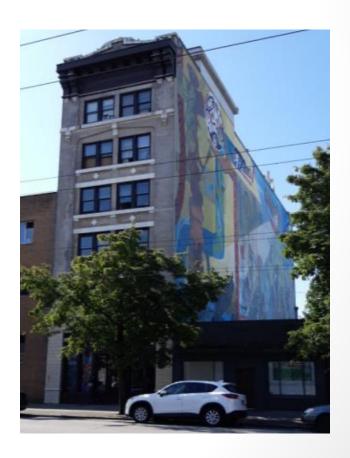
Multi-Family Context Apartment Style - Older















Multi-Family Context Apartment Style - Newer

















Multi-Family Context New High-Performance

















Common Issues

- Sizing
- Cost of gas v. electricity
- Incentives
- Integration whole-building strategy
- Legal e.g. who pays for heat
- Fully electric v. hybrid
- Refrigerants GWP





Common Issues

- "Nitty gritty" e.g.
 - Electrical service
 - Structural
 - Permits
 - Logistics
 - Coordination
 - Rate structures (e.g. demand charges)





THANK YOU!

For technical questions, please contact us and we'd be happy to answer any questions you may have.

Jordan Fisher

jfisher@frescoltd.com

778-783-0315

www.frescoltd.com











We are the largest HVAC solutions provider in the Multi family, and Commercial Construction Market for British Columbia. Over 55 years in the Market.

WHO WE ARE...



We are committed to bringing the world's leading sustainable technologies to the BC market.



We have contributed our expertise all levels of government, and policy makers on product applications that will reduce GHG emissions.



WE PROUDLY SUPPLY THESE MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCTS





RETROFITS — WHERE DO WE START?

Critical information to gather:

Sizing of existing equipment (what is the capacity of the boiler?)

Data of actual usage, and capacities of heating

- what is the loading of the boiler(s) during winter?
- what is the DHW usage?

Existing on site electrical infrastructure?



CURRENT MARKET PRODUCT SOLUTIONS IN SUITE — THRU THE WALL



Designed and launched in the international market by Olimpia Splendid in 1999.
Now available in North America.





Continuous heating down to 5F (-15C)





CURRENT MARKET PRODUCT SOLUTIONS -SPLIT SYSTEMS & VRF







VRV AURORA™ Heat Recovery

» VRF Industry's first air cooled system that delivers heating down to -22°F (-30°C) as standard



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CURRENT MARKET PRODUCT SOLUTIONS -PACKAGED ROOFTOP UNITS



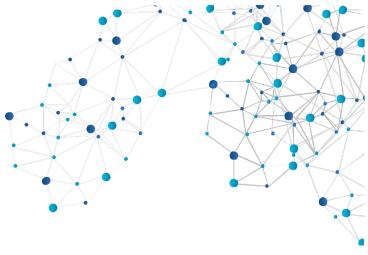
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PRODUCT SOLUTIONS -CENTRAL PLANT INCLUDING DHW



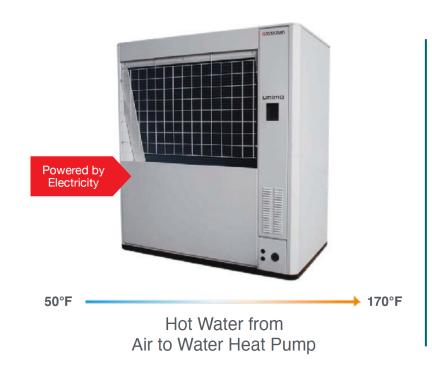






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CURRENT MARKET PRODUCT SOLUTIONS -CENTRAL PLANT WITH SEPARATE DHW





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SUCCESS BRINGING GLOBAL PRODUCTS TO BC MARKET









LESSONS LEARNED BRINGING GLOBAL PRODUCTS TO BC MARKET

- Partnership with Manufacture is Critical
- Innovation based on Market Conditions
- Safety Certification
- Electrical Certification
- National Plumbing Standards







LOCAL INSTALLATION & LESSONS LEARNED

Vancouver City Hall Retrofit Installation











LIFE CYCLE OF THE EQUIPMENT

Best Practices for Maintenance

Refrigerant Leakage Rates

Scheduled replacement of components







Heat Pumps & Deep Retrofits A Contractor's Perspective



Prepared By: Don Curry & Thomas Barr

Prepared For: Pembina Institute – Webinar Series – Heat Pumps & D.E.R.

Date: 2020-05-27



Topics For Discussion



- 1. Process Vs. Technology
- 2. Process Conventional Vs. Integrated
- 3. Sundance Lessons Learned

1. Process Vs. Technology



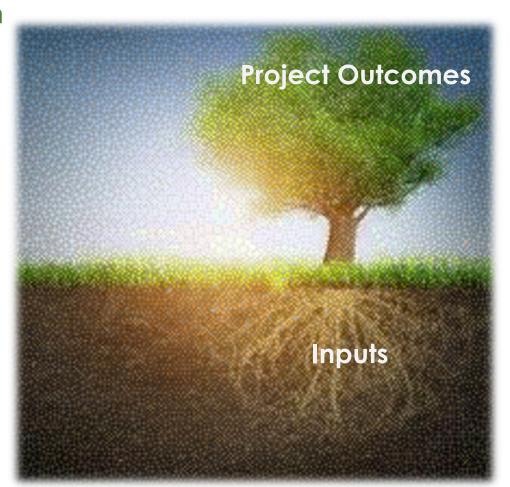
Conventional Approach



1. Process Vs. Technology



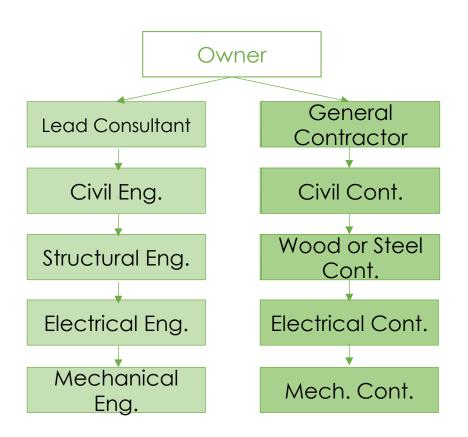
Integrated Approach



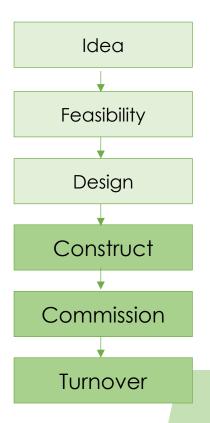




Project Partner Format



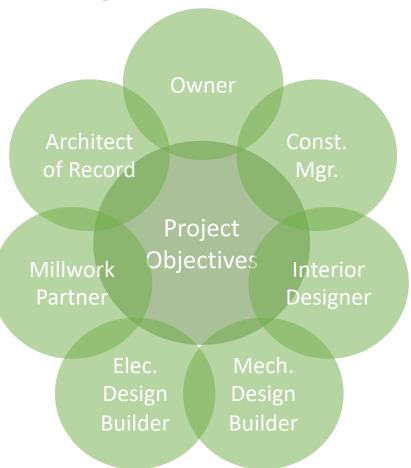
Process Flow



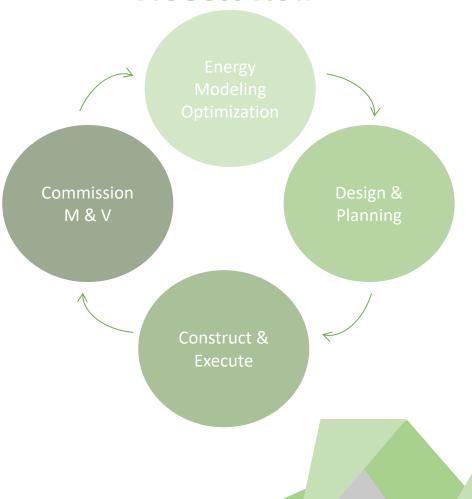
2. Integrated Project Delivery



Project Partner Format

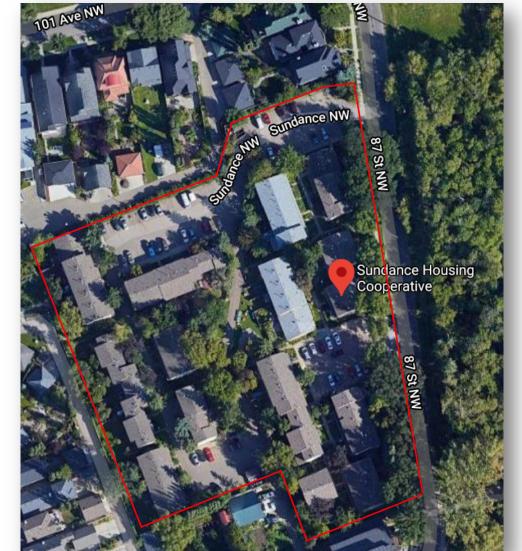


Process Flow



ALTERNA

3. Sundance – Project Delivery





Canada's Largest Residential Deep Energy Retrofit - Sundance



3. Sundance – Project Delivery



1.

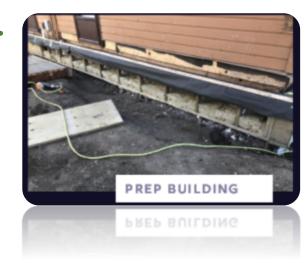


BUILD PANELS

Design panels with Asys wind agos and cladding in the factors

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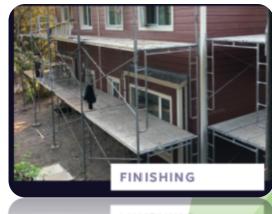
3.



4



5.





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3. Sundance – Project Delivery



Critical Components to Any Design

Source: Where does our energy come from to heat, cool, & energize our building?

Load: What is our current energy demand and how can we minimize it?

Distribution How do we get thermal and electrical energy from source to load as efficiently as possible?

Source Load
Solution
Distribution

3. Sundance – Mechanical Systems



1. Space Conditioning – Daikin SkyAir System



2. Fresh Air Ventilation – VanEE G2400H



3. Domestic Hot Water – RHEEM Performance Platinum – 50 Gallon





3.1 Outdoor Equipment Placement





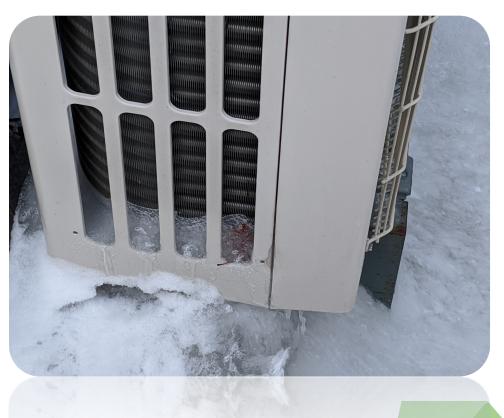






3.1 Outdoor Equipment Placement – Things to AVOID





ALTERNA



3.2 indoor Equipment Placement



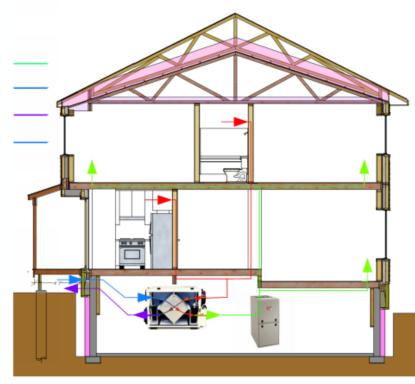






3.3 Existing Distribution HRV

Warmed Fresh Air to Rooms
Stale Air from Kitchen, Bath
Cold Fresh Air to HRV
Cooled Stale Air from HRV



(Heat Recovery Ventilator)



ALTERNA



3.5 Electrical Requirements





ALTERNA



3.6 Commission





3.7 - Contractor Wish List

- 1. Equipment needs to be smaller Both Physically & In Capacity
- 2. Equipment needs to be combined In one location

Heating

Cooling

HRV

Domestic Hot Water

- 3. Equipment could be more aesthetically pleasing
- 4. Project Partnerships All Industry Sectors beating the same drum Universal design guide / standard for Deep Energy Retrofits
- 5. Creation of a consistent training program



Questions & Answers



Thank you for your time!

Please contact us directly for any further information.

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FINANCING

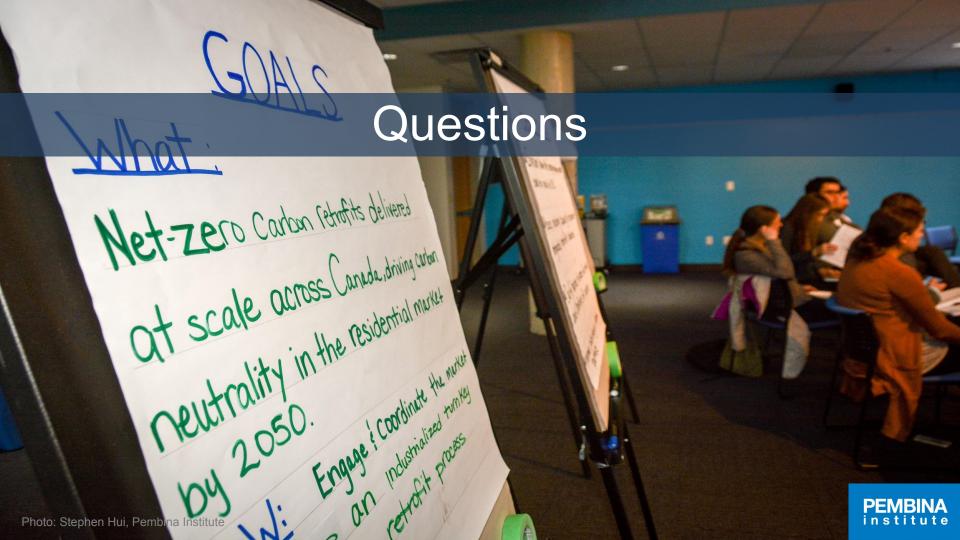
BUILDING

DESIGN

CODE +



PEMBINA institute



Upcoming Reframed Lab

- Request for proposals expected in summer 2020
- Multi-disciplinary teams will design solutions for low-rise residential buildings in B.C.'s Lower Mainland or Victoria area
- Six-month exploration lab with support from climate, energy, and health experts

REGISTER YOUR INTEREST: pembina.org/reframed



Integrated design teams

- Architects
- Building science, electrical, mechanical, and structural engineers
- Contractors, builders, and retrofitters
- Manufacturers, fabricators, and suppliers
- Modeling and data capture specialists
- Monitoring and control equipment specialists



Solutions of particular interest

- Prefabricated exterior wall and roof panels
- High-efficiency and low-carbon mechanical systems
- Roofing solutions that integrate on-site renewable electricity
- Storage and/or renewable thermal generation
- Seismic upgrades
- Climate adaptation measures
- System controls and performance monitoring

REGISTER YOUR INTEREST: pembina.org/reframed





Reframed Tech Series

Climate resilience & deep retrofits

June 10, 2020



JOIN THE WEBINAR: pembina.org/ReframedTechSeries

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